

AMPTELIK / OFICIAL

Aan / To: **The International Court of Justice**
Die Internasionale Hof vir Geregtigheid

Insake / Regarding: **The State of the ZAR Charges against
the Alien South African Government**

Die Staat van die ZAR Aanklag teen
die Vreemde Suid-Afrikaanse Regering

Notice to agent is notice to principal, notice to principal is notice to agent



Zuid Afrikaanse Republiek
Boervolk - Geloftevolk

Dokument Naam: SA Alien Government
Verwysingsnommer: ZAR_2024_12_020

Datum: 24 December 2024

1. This Contentious Case: The case of The Zuid Afrikaanse Republic (ZAR) against the South African Government. The South African Government that had been ruling South Africa from 1994 to 2024 / 2025.

1. Hierdie Omstrede Saak: Die saak van Die Zuid-Afrikaanse Republiek (ZAR) teen die Suid-Afrikaanse Regering. Die Suid-Afrikaanse Regering wat Suid-Afrika regeer van 1994 tot 2024 / 2025.

2. This Case, in the jurisdiction of, and therefore brought upon and presented before: The International Court of Justice, for hearing this case and filing judgement to the Charge.

2. Hierdie Saak, in die jurisdiksie van, en daarvoor voortgebring en aangebied voor: Die Internasionale Hof vir Geregtigheid, om hierdie saak aan te hoor en uitspraak te gee ten opsigte van die Aanklag.

3. This case is brought and presented by the State: The Zuid Afrikaanse Republic (ZAR).

3. Hierdie saak word voortgebring en aangebied deur die Staat: Die Zuid-Afrikaanse Republiek(ZAR).

4. Charge: The ZAR is bringing charges against the South African Government and its acting officials as an Alien Pirate Government, openly demonstrating its selfish destructive actions by intentionally alienating, plundering and destroying the integrity, infrastructure, property, assets, and intellect of South Africa, because the country of South Africa that they are plundering and destroying, does not belong to them.

4. Aanklag: Die ZAR bring aanklagte teen die Suid-Afrikaanse Regering en hul waarnemende amptenare dat hulle 'n Vreemde Kaap Regering is, wat openlik demonstreeur deur hul selfsugtige destruktiewe aksies hoe hulle met intensie deur vervreemding, plundering en vernietiging, die integriteit, infrastrukture, eiendomme, bates, en intellek van Suid-Afrika teweeg bring, want die land van Suid-Afrika wat hulle plunder en vernietig, behoort nie aan hulle nie.

5. Ruling: The Boervolk (ZAR) requests that the land of the ZAR, as it had been established and internationally recognised in 1899, be returned to the governance of the Boervolk.

5. Uitspraak: Die Boervolk (ZAR) versoek dat die land van die ZAR, soos wat dit bepaal is en internasionaal erken is in 1899, aan die Boervolk regering teruggegee word.

6. Rightful State: The Land of the Orange Free State and the Transvaal, as it were named before alienation, is the ZAR that belongs to the Boervolk, given to the Boervolk by the Judgement and Order of the Creator of Heaven and Earth by means of a binding Covenant in 1838, and confirmed thereafter, more than once.

6. Regmatige Staat: Die Land van die Oranje Vrystaat en die Transvaal, soos wat dit bekend was voor vervreemding, is die ZAR wat aan die Boervolk behoort, wat aan die Boervolk gegee is deur die Oordeel en Opdrag van die Skepper van Hemel en Aarde deur 'n bindende Gelofte in 1838, en daarna, meer as een keer bevestig is.

7. Alien Origin: The current South African alien government and its acting officials had been brought into power and governance by means of another former alien government, The Apartheid

7. Vervreemding Oorsprong: Die huidige Suid-

The ZAR has proclaimed its International Lawful Rights of Existence and Land Jurisdiction to the necessary world authorities on 20 October 2021 by means of: ZAR Sovereignty of Boer Republics and Boervolk Emancipation; ZAR International Peace Proclamation; ZAR Settlement Covenant; ZAR Bill of Rights; ZAR Declaration of Independence; ZAR Sovereign Letters Patent.

The ZAR Declared their Legal Land Borders as it were established by 1899, at a time when the Boervolk has come to full growth.

Die ZAR het sy Wettige Land Grense Verklaar soos dit was teen 1899, teen die tyd wat die Boervolk tot sy volle wasdom gekom het. Op 16 Desember 2021 Verklaar die Klein Boervolk Die Republiek van Duisend Jaar - in Opdrag van die Skepper se boodskapper GA Watermeyer.



Afrikaner National Party Government, who had been given the authority by The British who obtained control over South Africa by waging war whereby they warred against the Boervolk men but then turned to killing their women and children in order to force the men to sign an accord of peace that promised to return control over the land in fair time to the Boervolk, but the British instead brought about their alien Afrikaner representatives, pretending to be the Boervolk.

8. Genocide: The current South African Government and its acting officials and their alliances are openly promoting revolution against the Boervolk by means of official laws, crimes, statements, speeches, changing the past's history, and by demagoguery to bring about a complete genocide of the Boervolk.

9. The World: The entire world stood up against the Afrikaner Apartheid Government who pretended to be the lawful owners of the Boervolk's land. Once the Afrikaner Apartheid Government settled their own pockets, they passed governance to the African National Congress (ANC) in 1994 with the plan to control them by external means. The entire world knew that the land, as illustrated by historic maps up to 1902, as shown as the ZAR, belongs to the Boervolk.

10. The International Court of Justice: For the purpose of settling international disputes, the Permanent Court of Arbitration (PCA) was created by the Hague Peace Conference of 1899, the same year the British waged war against the ZAR (1899 to 1902). The PCA, although started functioning in 1902, turned a blind eye to the international war assistance to the British to war against the ZAR and eventually against the ZAR's women and children.

11. The International Court of Justice: The ICJ is called upon to proceed with the case of the ZAR against the S.A. Government, to oversee the shade controllers of the South African mineral riches, but to show their integrity for justice and respect of the Creator of Heaven and Earth who established by Covenant, the Boervolk Right to Life, and their Right to rule over the ZAR Land, as it was established by 1899.

12. Consequences: The consequences of this charge and proceedings, irrespective of its outcome, will be devastating to the Boervolk as the invader races in South Africa, will hate the Boervolk if the Boervolk (ZAR) loses this case, and should the case be in favour of the Boervolk (ZAR), the current government would never give

Afrikaanse vreemde regering en hul waarnemende amptenare het die beheer daarvan gekry van 'n ander vreemde voorafgaande regering, Die Apartheid Afrikaner Nasionale Party Regering, wat outoriteit gegee is deur die Britte wat beheer geneem het oor Suid-Afrika deur teen die Boervolk manne oorlog te maak maar hul vroue en kinders vermoor het om die manne te dwing om 'n vrede-verdrag aan te gaan, wat belooft het om die Boervolk binne redelike tyd hul land se beheer sal terug kry, maar dat die Britte hul vreemde Afrikaners aangestel het om voor te gee dat hulle die Boervolk is.

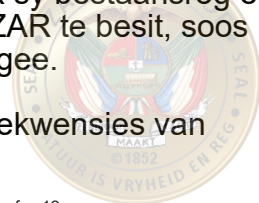
8. Volksmoord: Die huidige Suid-Afrikaanse Regering en sy waarnemende amptenare en hul alliansies bevorder openlik revolusie teen die Boervolk deur middel van wette, misdade, verklaarings, toesprake, deur die land se verlede geskiedenis te verander, en deur toepassing van demagogie om 'n volledige volksmoord van die Boervolk teweeg te bring.

9. Die wêreld: Die hele wêreld het opgestaan teen die Afrikaner Apartheid Regering wat voorgegee het om die wettige eienaars te wees van die Boervolk se land. Nadat die Afrikaner Apartheid Regering hul sakke volgemaak het, het hulle die regering aan die African National Congress (ANC) in 1994 oorhandig met die plan om hulle eksterne te beheer. Die hele wêreld het geweet dat die land, soos aangedui deur historiese kaarte tot 1902, aandui dat die ZAR aan die Boervolk behoort.

10. Die Internasionale Hof vir Geregtigheid: Vir die doel om internasionale dispute op te los, is die Permanent Court of Arbitration (PCA) by die Hague Peace Conference van 1899 gestig, dieselfde jaar wat die Britte teen die ZAR oorlog gevoer het (1899 tot 1902). Die PCA, alhoewel dit in 1902 begin funksioneer het, het dit 'n blinde oog gedraai op die internasionale ondersteuning aan Brittanje om oorlog te voer teen die ZAR en uiteindelik teen die ZAR se vroue en kinders.

11. Die Internasionale Hof vir Geregtigheid: Die ICJ word versoek om die saak aan te voer van die ZAR teen die S.A. Regering, om die skadu-beheerders oor die Suid-Afrikaanse mineraal rykdomme oor te sien, maar om hul integriteit vir geregtigheid toe te pas en respek te betoon teenoor die Skepper van Hemel en Aarde wie deur die Gelofte, die Boervolk sy bestaansreg en die reg om die Land van die ZAR te besit, soos tot en met 1899 bepaal is, te gee.

12. Konsekwensies: Die konsekwensies van



up their position without enforcement of the ruling.

13. Voicing: The Boervolk (ZAR) is a minority nation, a State that had been suppressed, undermined, victimised and disadvantaged by the S.A. alien governments to never be able to have a voice. The ICJ has the international power to allow the Boervolk of the ZAR, after 125 years, to have their voice again.

14. Jurisdiction: The Boervolk of the ZAR are by nature farmer people who have the Laws of Nature as their Laws of Life that respect all forms of life and dignity to every human being. The jurisdiction of the ZAR of governance falls within the borders of the ZAR as the ZAR had already been established by 1899, and the Boervolk had already come to full growth.

15. S.A. Legal System: All South African Courts are compromised, rendering them totally untrustworthy and with no integrity in any matter. The Black Economic Empowerment Laws of the government demand black majority shareholding in all companies and undertakings. The Laws of the country in general, protect criminals and undermine the victims of crime.

16. Justice: No-one in the past illustrated the integrity nor the power to address the crimes that had been brought upon the Boervolk since 1899 in order to set right what is wrong in South Africa due to the world powers that greatly benefit from South Africa's recently declared Junk Status and its poor currency value.

17. Crime: The most serious nature of crime escalated since 1994 after the ANC took power of the South African government. Even government officials promote "Kill the Farmer, Kill the Boer" slogans during political opportunities. The most brutal Farm Murders frequently take place, committed by hired black murderers on white Boer farmers. The South African Government refuses to recognise this as a problem. Farmers who defend themselves against an attack, are arrested for causing harm to the attackers.

18. Evidence: Evidence for the above claims and matters are ready for presentation.

19. Appreciation: The Boervolk and State of the ZAR appreciate the ICJ's attention to this case.

20. Presentation: The wording and presentation in this document means simply what they say and offer no technicalities or intentions for any other interpretation.

hierdie aanklag en die verloop daarvan, ongeag van die uitspraak daarvan, sal vernietiging op die Boervolk wees omdat die indringer rasse in Suid-Afrika die Boervolk sal haat indien die Boervolk (ZAR) die saak sal verloor, en indien die saak in die guns van die Boervolk (ZAR) bepaal word, sal die bestaande regering nooit hul posisie sonder afdwinging afgee nie.

13. Stem: Die Boervolk (ZAR) is 'n minderheid volk, 'n Staat wat onderdruk, ondermyn, geviktiseer en benadeel is deur die S.A. vreemde regerings om nooit 'n stem te hê nie. Die ICJ het die internasionale mag om toe te laat dat die Boervolk van die ZAR, na 125 jaar, weer 'n stem kan hê.

14. Jurisdiksie: Die Boervolk van die ZAR is by nature boere mense wat die Natuurwette ag wat alle lewe respekteer en waardigheid vir elke mens het. Die jurisdiksie van die ZAR regering val binne die grense van die ZAR soos wat die ZAR alreeds teweeg gebring is teen 1899 en die Boervolk tot volle wasdom gekom het.

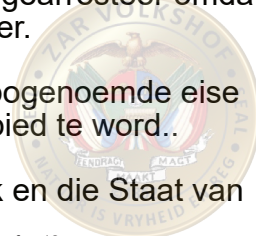
15. S.A. Wette Stelsel: Die Suid-Afrikaanse Howe is gekompromiseer, wat dit totaal onbetroubaar bepaal vir enige saak. Die Swart Ekonomiese bemagtiging Wette van die regering eis swart meerderheid aandeelhouding in alle maatskappye en ondernemings. Die Wette van die land, oor die algemeen, beskerm die misdadigers en ondermyn die slagoffers van misdaad.

16. Geregtigheid: Niemand in die verlede het die integriteit getoon of die mag gewys om die misdade wat teen die Boervolk sedert 1899 uitgevoer is, in Suid-Afrika reg te stel nie sodat die magte van die wêreld die beste voordeel kan trek uit Suid-Afrika se Gemors Status en die swak geldwaarde daarvan.

17. Misdaad: Die ernstige aard van misdaad het erg toegeneem sedert 1994 nadat die ANC aan bewind van die Suid-Afrikaanse regering gekom het. Selfs regering-amptenare bevorder die "Kill the Farmer, Kill the Boer" slagspreuke gedurende politieke geleenthede. Die mees brutale Plaasmoorde word gereeld gepleeg deur swart moordenaars op blanke Boer boere. Die Suid-Afrikaanse Regering weier om te erken dat dit 'n probleem is. Boere en landbouers wat hulself teen aanvalle verdedig, word gearresteer omdat hulle die aanvallers sou beseer.

18. Bewyse: Bewyse vir die bogenoemde eise en sake is gereed om aangebied te word..

19. Waardering: Die Boervolk en die Staat van



die ZAR waardeer die aandag van die ICJ in hierdie saak.

20. Aanbieding: Die woorde en aanbieding in hierdie dokument beteken eenvoudig wat dit sê en hou geen tegniese aspekte of intensies tot ander interpretasies voor nie.

Annexes:

Bylae:

1. The Zuid-Afrikaanse Republic (ZAR) 1899 land map:

1. Die Zuid-Afrikaanse Republiek (ZAR) 1899 landkaart:



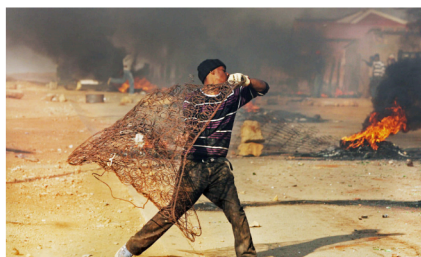
2. The destruction of South African assets by the ruling alien government:

2. Die destruksie van Suid-Afrika se bates deur die heersende vreemde regering:

<https://unherd.com/2021/11/how-the-anc-destroyed-south-africa/>

<https://unherd.com/2021/11/how-the-anc-destroyed-south-africa/>

The ANC destroyed South Africa
Corrupt politicians care little for the fracturing nation



ANC APART
 CYRIL RAMAPHOSA DESMOND TUTU
 JACOB ZUMA NELSON MANDELA
 NIGERTA RAINBOW NATION
 THABO MBEKI

 **Brian Pottinger**
 NOVEMBER 5, 2021 6 MINS

A hinge moment happened this week in South Africa. The country finally transitioned from rainbow utopianism to reality.

The Rainbow Nation is no more (Foto24/Getty Images)





Brian Pottinger

NOVEMBER 5, 2021 6 MINS

A hinge moment happened this week in South Africa. The country finally transitioned from rainbow utopianism to reality.

The turning point was the municipal elections in which the 110-year-old ruling African National Congress failed to gain a majority of the vote. The party is, despite its manifest failings, still custodian of the liberator's mantle among many black South Africans — a recent survey showed that although 60% of ANC voters associated their party with corruption, they would nonetheless vote for it; such is the brand loyalty — but the party's once hegemonic power is in retreat. The decline over the years is neatly in tandem with the nation's trajectory towards a failed state. At its peak in 2004, the ANC pulled nearly 70% of the national vote. This week, it could barely pull past 46%.

The party has lost majority control of all the major metropolitan areas; across 62 municipalities, desperate, if informal, coalition negotiations on power and patronage are underway. And the collapse is being blamed on the fact that so few ANC supporters bothered to vote.

This is surely the result of catastrophic declines in public trust across all institutions of state — and particularly in the political classes during President Cyril Ramaphosa's term. According to some under-reported polling in August, two thirds of respondents said they were willing — 46% were “very willing” — to give up elections altogether in favour of a non-elected government that could provide security, houses and jobs.

So after decades of banging on about how it suffered to bring democracy to South Africa, the ANC has succeeded in destroying both the substance and the allure of democracy for two out of three South Africans. No wonder the punters stayed in bed on polling day.



But the truth is, the ANC was never remotely fit to manage the complexity of what was once Africa's largest and most successful modern economy and State.

President Nelson Mandela's post-liberation administration winged it for five years on the back of public euphoria about the Rainbow Nation and the administrative sinews left by the departed apartheid state.

Then President Thabo Mbeki, his successor, sought to impose a sere, technocratic and welfarist vision on his realm, drawn directly from his experiences in Left-wing UK universities. Problem was that while he taught the newly enfranchised all about their rights as modern citizens, he somehow did not get around to talking about their duties. As a result, a boundless sense of entitlement has become an irreducible, damaging and informing fact of South African life, killing initiative and personal agency. Meanwhile, the technocrats who could give content to Mbeki's vision were leaving state service in droves: victims of his racial affirmative policies.

After him came Jacob Zuma, former head of intelligence of the ANC's military in exile, the army that somehow managed to wage a decades-long war during the apartheid years that few South Africans ever noticed. His cronies came into government trailing the odour of the Angolan military camps; the paranoia, secrecy, expedience, manipulation, fear, brutality, corruption and hopelessness.

MORE FROM THIS AUTHOR

South Africa is on the brink

BY BRIAN POTTINGER

It is estimated that during his eight-year term, Zuma benignly presided over the embezzlement of between R400 billion and R1.5 trillion of public money (1 GBP = R21) by a coterie of crooks gathered around his presidency, and by others appointed to the State services under the guise of affirmative action and "cadre deployment" (yes, they still speak like that).

The major public utilities crashed, public services withered, the security and intelligence services were infiltrated, the criminal justice system was eviscerated, the tax authorities captured, local authority areas became cesspools, in some cases literally, and public health and education systems imploded. Under Zuma, the ANC went straight from liberation movement to an organised criminal conspiracy without stopping at go and certainly not at jail. South Africa became trapped somewhere between 19th-century Sicily and late 20th-century Columbia. As always, it was the poor that suffered.

Ramaphosa's election as party leader and President in December 2017, was widely hailed by modernist forces — and particularly big business — as a turning point: after all, they had paid heavily to fund his bid. Sadly, his promised New Dawn turned out to be in every sense a False Dawn.



During his term, employment has reached the highest levels ever; flight by the high-skilled racial minorities is now proportionately equal only to the great southern European migrations to America in the previous early century; capital flight and insolvencies are at historic highs and inward investment at equivalent lows. Not one of the damaging policies introduced by Zuma and his predecessors has been reversed.

Last month, the World Bank ranked South Africa's once excellent ports at the bottom of the 351 ports surveyed and the Universal Postal Union conveyed the warming news that the South African postal service is now officially worse than Nigeria's.

In his nearly four years in office, Ramaphosa has failed to decisively deal with the criminal and pre-modernistic forces in his party. They struck back in the traumatic July Troubles this year where insurrectionary forces allied to the Zuma camp and possibly involving renegade elements of the State Security Agency, unleashed a wave of pillage and arson across the Zulu heartland of KwaZulu Natal.

MORE FROM THIS AUTHOR

The return of South Africa's militias

BY BRIAN POTTINGER

The State evaporated and has failed to bring a single major instigator to book, even as criminal prosecutions against Indian-descended citizens accused of killing looters proceed apace.

President Ramaphosa now enjoys the distinction of being the only South African President since the Act of Union in 1910 to preside over both a fully-fledged secessionist movement in the opposition-held Western Cape and a first-phase revolution in KwaZulu Natal.

His predecessors — Thabo Mbeki, P W Botha, John Vorster — all had the courage to split their parties to move ahead with what they saw to be reformist policies. Not the incumbent. He lost the one opportunity to save South Africa: to appeal above his party to the country and to unify all the modernist forces against the criminal, pre-modern and racist ones, most of them in his own party.

He is now offered another chance for redemption in the 50 or so undecided municipalities thrown up by the elections. Will his party align itself with the modernist elements on those councils or throw its weight behind the extremist Economic Freedom Fighters? Past form is not promising.

That form shows only excruciating anomalies: three of the most senior ministers implicated in "State Capture" during the Zuma years sat in judgment on the ethics of the party's nominees for this year's municipal election.



The man who was head of Zuma's effectively private State Security Agency has popped up as prison boss and against the advice of the medical parole board, signed Zuma's release from prison where he was banged up for refusing to answer for his sins before a state commission of inquiry into State Capture.

Zuma, meanwhile, has taken time off from another criminal case in which he is accused of corruption in a 25-year-old arms deal to hit the hustings trail in support of the ANC. No wonder so many South Africans believe their politics are beyond either parody or redemption.

Twenty seven years into the ANC's divisive misrule, the political movements have solidified as never before into their racial components. The ANC is now an entirely black party: the tiny residual support from the racial minorities evaporated when Ramaphosa failed to deliver.

The EFF is unashamedly black and exclusivist: a nativist and racist organisation of provocateurs canvassing for support among the poor while wearing Gucci jeans, literally. Its support sits at an estimated 10% in these elections: a 20% improvement since 2016.

The classically liberal Democratic Alliance has made heroic attempts to break out from its strongholds in the white, Indian and coloured areas. It has failed: black support has been historically negligible and the party has seen a decline in national share in these elections from 24% to 21%.

The Inkatha Freedom Party, rooted in traditional and conservative Zulu areas, has stayed constant at about 5% of the vote, and had the unalloyed pleasure of claiming the ward in which Zuma has his mega-million state-provided home. The Freedom Front Plus, unambiguously representing conservative white, primarily Afrikaner, and Afrikaans-speaking coloured interests, has trebled its support.

SUGGESTED READING

The ANC destroyed South Africa

BY WESSIE DU TOIT

A late-comer, Action South Africa, led by a personable black former DA Mayor of Johannesburg and proclaiming its multi-racial profile, has created a stir by winning a significant share of votes in Johannesburg but made little national headway at below 3% of share. In any case, its core constituency is also primarily amongst urban minorities tired of the DA.

Thanks to the long-tail legacy of apartheid's policy of residential segregation, many of the country's suburbs are still largely racially defined. These are the citadels into which the minority communities retreat to enjoy their lives, ply their politics, conduct their businesses, pray, shop, school their young and, if necessary, take up arms to protect themselves when Ramaphosa's State goes AWOL, as it did in the July Troubles.



For decades now these informal cantons have become ever more self-sufficient: they have private police, hospitals, schools and an army of fixers to mediate between them and a truly appalling bureaucracy. So-called Public-Private Partnerships control large public business and tourist spaces, property developers build public roads, private companies manage water reticulation and major road routes are maintained by private enterprise.

Recent Government policy allows for Independent Power Producers: energy self-sufficiency is now within the grasp of these localised and internally expatriated communities.

And thus the contours of a new and informal cantonal South African state is emerging after 27 years of ANC misrule: self-sufficient and defensive pockets of privilege scattered in the interior and in a coastal arc from the Mozambican border on the Indian Ocean to the Namibian border on the Atlantic. All of this new South Africa is set in a sea of rural and urban poverty presided over by a ghostlike State managed by a collapsed and indifferent bureaucracy and a squabbling and corrupt political class. The old feel-good notions of a non-racial South Africa, Archbishop Tutu's famous Rainbow Nation, were naïve and are now dead. Cold reality rules.

Brian Pottinger is an author and former Editor and Publisher of the South African *Sunday Times*. He lives on the KwaZulu North Coast.

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3. ZAR Territory:

The ZAR has made known to the world of the Boervolk's existence after the British Crown and the South African Afrikaners in association with the ANC political party, have made every effort in eradicating the Boervolk by means of identity theft and by attempting to wipe out the Boervolk and ZAR's history. The ZAR has claimed its Sovereignty and the borders of its land as that of the Boervolk's territories as they were in 1899 before the start of the Anglo-Boer War. Claims of land of the Boervolk that stretch up to the African equator when the white Boers lived and farmed the Southern part of Africa thousands of years ago and who were murdered out by the Israelites as stated in the Bible, these claims have currently been set aside.

4. ZAR Sovereignty Statement:

In reference to (1) United Nations Resolution 1514 of 14 December 1960, "*2. Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples*"; and "*(2) Universal Declaration of the Rights of Peoples 17 Februarie 2001, 3. Declaration on the Personal, Relationship, Spiritual, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights of Peoples*", the ZAR's Sovereignty and land territory were declared to the international audience by means of registered post sent via the United Kingdom's Royal Mail Service, and were received:

- 1: Office of Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, 4 Parliament Square, London, GB SW1P 3BD;
- 2: Office of Registrar, International Court of Justice, Peace Palace, Carnegieplein 2, 2517 KJ The Hague, The Netherlands;
- 3: António Guterres Secretary-General, United Nations Secretariat, New York, NY 10017;
- 4: Office of the Registrar, Supreme Court of the United States, 1 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20543;
- 5: Pope Francis, Bishop of Rome, Roman Catholic Church, Vatican City State, 00120.

the following ZAR documents:

- 1: ZARFD_1 Notice of Independence - 2021.10.12
- 2: ZARFD_2 Declaration of Independence
- 3: ZARFD_3 Bill of Rights
- 4: ZARFD_4 Declaration of Joint Sovereignty
- 5: ZARFD_5 Settlement Covenant
- 6: ZARFD_6 Sovereign Letters Patent
- 7: ZARFD_7 International Peace Proclamation

As the ZAR has received no objection to its claims and statements of sovereignty, international and common law depict that this notion was accepted as in order.

5. Boervolk History Statement:

When the Boervolk returned to the land they knew through their ancestors, by executing The Groot Trek from 1834 onward, the Boervolk Trekkers found the land of the Orange Free State and Transvaal vacant, with no sign of occupancy, no sign of any civilization and no sign of any human development. The Boervolk developed the land, established every town, and by 1899 the Boervolk has come to full growth. As diamonds and gold were discovered, the Boervolk defended the land in two wars against the invasion of

3. ZAR Grondgebied:

Die ZAR het die bestaan van die Boervolk aan die wêreld bekend gemaak nadat die Britse Kroon en sy Suid-Afrikaanse Afrikaner in assosiasie met die ANC politieke party, elke poging aangewend het om die Boervolk se identiteit te vernietig deur identiteit diefstal en pogings om elke geskiedkundige bewys van die Boervolk, te vernietig. Die ZAR het sy soewereiniteit en landsgrense geëis as die Boervolk se grondgebied soos dit was teen 1899 voor die begin van die Anglo-Boere Oorlog. Eise van Boervolk grondgebied wat strek tot teen die Afrika-ewenaar op grond daarvan dat die Boer die grond van Suider-Afrika bewerk het duisende jare gelede, en wie deur die Israeliete, soos dit in die Bybel beskryf word, uitgemoor is, word tans nie hanteer nie.

4. ZAR Soewereiniteit Verklaring:

Met verwysing na die Verenigde State Resolusie 1514 van 14 Desember 1960, "*2. Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples*", en "*(2) Universal Declaration of the Rights of Peoples 17 Februarie 2001, 3. Declaration on the Personal, Relationship, Spiritual, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights of Peoples*", is die ZAR se soewereiniteit en grondgebied verklaar aan die internasionale gemeenskap deur middel van geregistreerde pos wat deur die United Kingdom's Royal Mail Service gestuur is en ontvang is deur:

- 1: Office of Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, 4 Parliament Square, London, GB SW1P 3BD;
- 2: Office of Registrar, International Court of Justice, Peace Palace, Carnegieplein 2, 2517 KJ The Hague, The Netherlands;
- 3: António Guterres Secretary-General, United Nations Secretariat, New York, NY 10017;
- 4: Office of the Registrar, Supreme Court of the United States, 1 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20543;
- 5: Pope Francis, Bishop of Rome, Roman Catholic Church, Vatican City State, 00120.

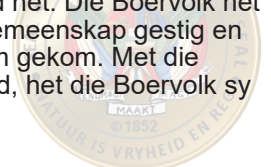
deur die volgende dokumente:

- 1: ZARFD_1 Notice of Independence - 2021.10.12
- 2: ZARFD_2 Declaration of Independence
- 3: ZARFD_3 Bill of Rights
- 4: ZARFD_4 Declaration of Joint Sovereignty
- 5: ZARFD_5 Settlement Covenant
- 6: ZARFD_6 Sovereign Letters Patent
- 7: ZARFD_7 International Peace Proclamation

Omdat die ZAR geen besware of teenstand tot hierdie eise van soewereiniteit ontvang het nie, bepaal algemene reg dat dit aanvaar is en in orde gevind is.

5. Boervolk Geskiedenis Verklaring:

Die Boervolk het teruggekeer na die grondgebied wat aan hulle bekend was deur hul voorouers deur die uitvoering van Die Groot Trek sedert 1834 en later waartydens die Boervolk Trekkers die landgebied van die Oranje Vrystaat en die Transvaal, leeg, onbewerk en onbewoon deur mense gevind het. Die Boervolk het die land bewoon, elke dorp en gemeenskap gestig en teen 1899 reeds tot volle wasdom gekom. Met die ontdekking van diamante en goud, het die Boervolk sy



the British Crown. The last war against the Boervolk being the actual first world war. The British have tried, like the Jews thousands of years ago, to wipe the Boervolk from the face of the earth. The Indictments of the Boervolk Murder are still to be brought against the perpetrators.

6. The Boervolk's role in Africa:

Statement: To the benefit of foreign societies, including the United Nations, Africa is deliberately being kept in a state of poverty, deeply seated corruption and social instability. This statement is currently being illustrated by the South African ANC Government who has destroyed every functional National Asset and neglect National Infra-structures to the same level as that of any other African country and brought about South Africa's international status to that of "Junk".

Southern Africa and Africa as a whole, need the Boervolk to bring about honest progressing social order. It is the only opportunity Africa has to save itself from total destruction and from leading Africa's people to submission to a rude digitally controlled New World Order forced labour enslavement system.

7. African Nations Recognition:

The Xhosa, Zulu, Koi-San and Boervolk nations who each have their determined land, were the only African indigenous nations that the United Nations have deliberately denied their sovereignty and international recognition for the purpose of exploiting their minerals. The Boervolk recognises the Xhosa, Zulu, and Koi-San as ZAR neighbours and these nations each undeniability knows the history and position of the ZAR and Boervolk as the sovereign nation of the Orange Free State, Transvaal and Republic Vryheid.

8. International Recognition:

The Boervolk has a very rich international history evident in thousands of Boervolk War Statues, historic writings, personal journals, books, internet web sites and the Boervolk Nation itself. The identity of the Boervolk was hidden from the world as if they do not exist by calling every one an Afrikaner and changing every Boervolk cultural aspect to an Afrikaner aspect.

The Boervolk is rejecting their Afrikaner label by emancipating from the South African Afrikaner government and have been united as the ZAR Boervolk as they were in 1899.

The ZAR en Boervolk as a Southern African indigenous nation has to be recognised by every country to establish solid relationships of international cooperation for economical advantage for all.

9. International Cooperation:

International affairs and nations' cooperation with the ZAR are in the process of being established. The ZAR is setting standards based on Natural Law Standards.

Various projects have been established in the past and

grondgebied in twee oorloë teen die Britse Kroon verdedig. Die laaste oorlog teen die Boervolk wat na regte die eerste wêreldoorlog was. Die Britte het, soos die Jode dit duisende jare gelede gedoen het, die Boervolk van die aarde af probeer vee. Die aanklagte van Volksmoord teen die oortreders sal nog tot uitvoering gebring word.

6. Die Boervolk se rol in Afrika:

Verklaring: Vir die voordeel van buitelandse gemeenskappe, insluitend die Verenigde State, word Afrika doelbewus in 'n staat van armoede gehou met diepgewortelde korrupsie en sosiale onstabieleit. Hierdie verklaring word huidiglik deur die Suid-Afrikaanse ANC regering bewys deurdat hulle reeds elke Nasionale Bate vernietig het en versuim om infrastrukture in stand te hou en Suid-Afrika se internasionale status tot "Gemors" verlaag het.

Suid-Afrika en Afrika het die Boervolk nodig om 'n eerlike vooruitstrewende sosiale orde teweeg te bring. Dit bied die enigste geleentheid aan Afrika om homself te red van vernietiging en van die toevoeging tot die wrede digitaal-beheerde Nuwe Wêreld Orde se geforseerde slawe stelsel.

7. Afrika Nasies Erkenning:

Die Xhosa, Zulu, Koi-San en Boervolk nasies wat elkeen hul bepaalde grondgebied het, is die enigste nasies wat deur die Verenigde State doelbewus hul soewereiniteit ontken is met die doel om die minerale van die grond te bekom. Die Boervolk erken die Xhose, Zulu en Koi-San as ZAR bure en hierdie nasies ken verseker die geskiedenis en posisie van die ZAR en Boervolk as die soewereine nasie van die Oranje Vrystaat, Transvaal en Republiek Vryheid.

8. Internasionale Erkenning:

Die Boervolk het 'n ryk internasionale geskiedenis wat deur duisende Boervolk Oorlog Monumente, historiese geskrifte, persoonlike joernale, boeke, internet webtuistes en deur die Boervolk self, getuig. Die Boervolk se identiteit was versteek van die wêreld asof dit nie bestaan het nie deur die toevoeging tot die Afrikaner naam en deur elke Boervolk kulturele faset aan Afrikaner te koppel.

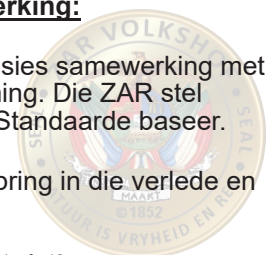
Die Boervolk verwerp die Afrikaner etiket deur te emansipeer vanuit die Suid-Afrika ANC Afrikaner regering en is verenig as die ZAR Boervolk soos wat dit was teen 1899.

Die ZAR en Boervolk moet deur elke land erken word as 'n Suid-Afrika nasie om goeie internasionale bande te smee tot ekonomiese voordeel.

9. Internasionale Samewerking:

Internasionale betrekkings en nasies samewerking met die ZAR is in 'n proses van vorming. Die ZAR stel standaarde wat op Natuurwette Standaarde baseer.

Verskeie projekte is tot stand gebring in die verlede en



present for the upliftment of international standards including matters related to nature conservation, nations' mutual respect, cooperation schemes, social upliftment, quality control, and peace with special emphasis on African affairs. The Southern African Agricultural Development Treaty has received international attention and it will become a valuable asset to the benefit of all African Nations but also a quality assurance body for the world.

hede met die doelwit om internasionale standaarde te verbeter, insluitend sake betrekking op natuurbewaring, nasies wedersydse respek, samewerking skemas, sosiale verbetering, kwaliteit beheer, en vrede met spesiale klem op Afrika aangeleenthede. Die Suider-Afrika Landbou Ontwikkeling Ooreenkoms skema het internasionale aandag en sal 'n waardevolle bate word vir die bevoordeling van Afrika Nasies maar ook om kwaliteit aan die wêreld te verseker.



Authorised: Chief Justice
Hoofregter

Secretary
Sekretaris

